



The Steel Company of Canada

## Granulated Blast Furnace Slag Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

### Section 1 – Identification

**1(a) Product Identifier Used on Label:** Granulated Blast Furnace Slag

**1(b) Other Means of Identification:** Granulated Slag

**1(c) Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use:** None

**1(d) Name, Address, and Telephone Number:**

Stelco Inc.

386 Wilcox Street

Hamilton, ON L8L 8K5


Phone number : (905) 528-2511 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm)

**1(e) Emergency Phone Number:** 1-888-CAN-UTEC (226-8832) or 613-996-6666

### Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

**2(a) Classification of the Chemical:** Granulated Blast Furnace Slag is considered a hazardous material according to the criteria specified in REACH [REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006], CLP [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008], OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard and the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations. The categories of Health Hazards as defined in “GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS)” have been evaluated. Refer to Section 3, 8 and 11 for additional information.

**2(b) Signal Word, Hazard Statement(s), Symbols and Precautionary Statement(s):**

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)	Precautionary Statement(s)
	Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Repeat Exposure - 2	<b>Warning</b>	May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Do not breathe dusts/fumes. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Dispose of contents in accordance with federal, provincial, state and local regulations.

**2(c) Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:** None Known

**2(d) Unknown Acute Toxicity Statement (mixture):** None Known

### Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

**3(a-c) Chemical Name, Common Name (Synonyms), CAS Number and Other Identifiers, and Concentration:**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Slags, ferrous metal, blast furnace	65996-69-2	266-002-0	100%
The following components comprise this Granulated Blast Furnace Slag product and were used for hazard determination			
Metallic Silicates and Aluminosilicates*	Various	Various	94-100
Iron Oxides	1345-25-1 1309-37-1	215-721-8 215-168-2	0.4-2.6
Calcium Sulfide	20548-54-3	234-873-5	2-4

EC- European Community

CAS- Chemical Abstract Service

\* The majority of components in **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** are various glassy Metallic Silicates (Iron, Calcium, Magnesium, Aluminum, and Titanium Silicates), including: Dicalcium Silicate (Ca<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>4</sub>) 14284-23-2, Merwinite (Ca<sub>3</sub>MgSi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>) 13813-64-4, and Gehlenite (Ca<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>7</sub>) 1302-56-3.

### Section 4 – First-aid Measures

**4(a) Description of Necessary Measures:**

- **Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- **Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- **Skin Contact:** If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- **Ingestion:** Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### Section 4 – First-aid Measures (continued)

#### 4(b) Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed (Chronic):

##### Acute effects:

- **Inhalation:** Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract.
- **Eye:** Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes.
- **Skin:** Skin contact with dusts may cause irritation or dermatitis.
- **Ingestion:** Ingestion of dust may cause nausea and/or vomiting.

##### Chronic Effects:

Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders (i.e., asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.) may be adversely affected by any airborne particulate matter exposure. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to dermatitis.

#### 4(c) Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

### Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures

**5(a) Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.

**5(b) Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:** Not applicable for solid product.

**5(c) Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters:** Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present. Heat and flames cause emittance of acrid smoke and fumes. Do not release runoff from fire control methods into sewers or waterways. Firefighters should wear full face-piece self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing with thermal protection. Direct water stream will scatter and spread flames and, therefore, should not be used.

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:** For spills involving finely divided particles, clean-up personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. If material is in a dry state, avoid inhalation of dust. Personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. Fine, dry material should be removed by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid using compressed air. Do not release into sewers or waterways.

**6(b) Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up:** Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, provincial, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable regulations (e.g. 29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent federal, provincial, state, and local requirements.

### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**7(a) Precautions for Safe Handling:** Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Practice good housekeeping. Do not breathe metal fumes and/or dust. Emergency safety showers and eye wash stations should be present.

**7(b) Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities:** Store away from incompatible materials.

### Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs):** The following exposure limits are offered as reference, for an experienced industrial hygienist to review.

Ingredients	Ontario TWA <sup>1</sup>	ACGIH TLV <sup>2</sup>	OSHA PEL <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL <sup>4</sup>	IDLH <sup>5</sup>
Metallic Silicates	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as inhalable fraction <sup>6</sup> , PNOS <sup>7</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as inhalable fraction <sup>6</sup> , PNOS <sup>7</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total dust, PNOR <sup>9</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total dust)	NE
	3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as respirable fraction <sup>8</sup> , PNOS)	3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as respirable fraction <sup>8</sup> , PNOS)	5.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as respirable fraction, PNOR)	5.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as respirable dust)	
Iron Oxides	5.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as iron oxide, respirable fraction <sup>6</sup> )	5.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as iron oxide, respirable fraction <sup>6</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as iron oxide dust and fume)	5.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as iron oxide dust and fume)	2,500 mg Fe/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcium Sulfide	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE

NE - None Established

1. Time-Weighted Average (TWA) limits established by the Ontario Ministry of Labour are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted.
2. Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. ACGIH TLVs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
3. OSHA PELs (Permissible Exposure Limits) are 8-hour TWA (Time-Weighted Average) concentrations unless otherwise noted.
4. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL) - Compendium of Policy and Statements. NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH (1992). NIOSH is the U.S. federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
5. The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of the respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid-1970's by NIOSH. The Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994.
6. Inhalable fraction. The concentration of inhalable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH TLVs<sup>®</sup> and BEIs<sup>®</sup> based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices – as cited by Ministry of Labour (MOL) R.R.O. 833/90.

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7. PNOS. Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified defined in the ACGIH TLVs® and BEIs® based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices – as cited by Ministry of Labour (MOL) R.R.O. 833/90.
8. Respirable fraction. The concentration of respirable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH TLVs® and BEIs® based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices – as cited by Ministry of Labour (MOL) R.R.O. 833/90.
9. PNOR (Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated). All inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, or organic, not listed specifically by substance name are covered by a limit which is the same as the inert or nuisance dust limit of 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for total dust and 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for the respirable fraction.

**8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Local exhaust ventilation should be used to control the emission of air contaminants. General dilution ventilation may assist with the reduction of air contaminant concentrations. Emergency eye wash stations and deluge safety showers should be available in the work area.

**8(c) Individual Protection Measures:**

- **Respiratory Protection:** Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. In the US, follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. In Ontario, follow CSA Standard Z94.4-11 “Selection Care and Use of Respirators” or the “NIOSH Guide to the Selection and Use of Particulate Respirators (1996)” for additional information. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. Concentration in air of the various contaminants determines the extent of respiratory protection needed. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 50 times the exposure limit. Protection by air-purifying negative-pressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (immediately dangerous to life or health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA.

**Warning!** Air-purifying respirators both negative-pressure, and powered-air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

- **Eyes:** Wear eye protection/face protection. A face shield should be used when appropriate to prevent contact with splashed materials. Chemical goggles, face shields or glasses should be worn to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposure to this material is likely.
- **Skin:** Persons handling this product should wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. Wear protective gloves.
- **Other Protective Equipment:** An eyewash fountain and deluge shower should be readily available in the work area.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

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|---|--|
| <p><b>9(a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):</b> Light to dark, glassy</p> <p><b>9(b) Odor:</b> Slight sulfur odor</p> <p><b>9(c) Odor Threshold:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(d) pH:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(e) Melting Point/Freezing Point:</b> 1425°C (~ 2600°F)</p> <p><b>9(f) Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(g) Flash Point:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(h) Evaporation Rate:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(i) Flammability (solid, gas):</b> Not flammable</p> | <p><b>9(j) Upper/lower Flammability or Explosive Limits:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(k) Vapor Pressure:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(l) Vapor Density (Air = 1):</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(m) Relative Density:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(n) Solubility(ies):</b> Insoluble</p> <p><b>9(o) Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(p) Auto-ignition Temperature:</b> NA</p> <p><b>9(q) Decomposition Temperature:</b> ND</p> <p><b>9(r) Viscosity:</b> ND</p> |
|---|--|


NA - Not Applicable  
 ND - Not Determined for product as a whole

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

- 10(a) Reactivity:** Not Determined (ND)
- 10(b) Chemical Stability:** Granulated Blast Furnace Slag is stable under normal storage and handling conditions.
- 10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reaction:** None Known
- 10(d) Conditions to Avoid:** Unintentional contact with water and acids.
- 10(e) Incompatible Materials:** Acids, ammonium salts and aluminum metal.
- 10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Hydrogen sulfide gas may be released when moist or wet when it is heated. Can react with water to form calcium hydroxide.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

**11(a-j) Information on Toxicological Effects:** The following toxicity data has been determined for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** by using the information available for its components applied to the guidance on the preparation of an SDS under the GHS requirements of WHMIS, OSHA and the EU CPL:

Hazard Classifications	Hazard Category		Hazard Symbols	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
	EU	OSHA / WHMIS			
STOT following Repeated Exposure (covers Categories 1 and 2)	2	2 <sup>1</sup>		Warning	May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

The Toxicological data listed below are presented regardless to classification criteria. Individual hazard classification categories where the toxicological information has met or exceeded a classification criteria threshold are listed above.

- a. No LC<sub>50</sub> or LD<sub>50</sub> has been established for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag**. The following data has been determined for the components:
- **Iron Oxide:** LD<sub>50</sub> > 10,000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)
- b. No Skin (Dermal) Irritation data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Irritation data has been determined for the components:
- **Iron Oxide:** Moderately irritating.
  - **Merwinite:** Causes mild skin irritation.
  - **Calcium Sulfide:** Causes Skin irritation.
- c. No Eye Irritation data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture. The following Eye Irritation information was found for the components:
- **Iron Oxide:** Severely irritating; may cause burns. Human Corrosive (IUCLID)
  - **Merwinite:** Causes eye irritation.
  - **Calcium Sulfide:** Causes eye irritation.
- d. No Skin (Dermal)/Respiratory Sensitization data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture or its individual components.
- **Nickel:** May cause allergic skin sensitization.
- e. No Aspiration Hazard data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture or its individual components.
- f. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture or its individual components.
- g. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as carcinogens. The following Carcinogenicity information was found for the components:
- **Iron Oxide:** IARC - Group 3 (Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans); ACGIH - A4 (Not classifiable as a human carcinogen)
- h. No Toxic Reproduction data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture or its individual components.
- i. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following a Single Exposure data available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a mixture.
- j. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following Repeated Exposure data was available for **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a whole. The following STOT following Repeated Exposure data was found for the components:
- **Iron Oxide:** Some pulmonary and lung effects reported.

The above toxicity information was determined from available scientific sources to illustrate the prevailing posture of the scientific community. The scientific resources includes: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist (ACGIH) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure indices (BEIs) with Other Worldwide Occupational Exposure Values 2017, The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), The National Toxicology Program (NTP) updated documentation, the World Health Organization (WHO) and other available resources, the International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID), European Union Risk Assessment Report (EU-RAR), Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents (CICAD), European Union Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (EU-SCOEL), Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB), and International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS).

The following health hazard information is provided regardless to classification criteria and is based on the individual component(s):

**Acute Effects by component:**

- **Metallic Silicates:** Magnesium Silicate may irritate the eyes. Potassium Silicate may be harmful if swallowed or contacts skin. Calcium silicate may be harmful if swallowed.
- **Iron Oxide:** Contact with iron oxide has been reported to cause skin irritation and serious eye damage.
- **Calcium Sulfide:** Causes skin irritation, eye irritation and may cause respiratory irritation.

**Delayed (chronic) Effects by Component:**

- **Metallic Silicates:** Magnesium and Potassium Silicates are suspected of causing cancer by inhalation. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to atmospheres of magnesium silicate resulted in interstitial fibrosis of the lung and reduced pulmonary function in rats at  $\geq 6 \text{ mg/m}^3$ . Calcium Silicate exposure to wollastonite miners suggests that occupational exposure can cause impaired respiratory function and pneumoconiosis.
- **Iron Oxide:** Chronic inhalation of excessive concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may result in the development of a benign lung disease, called siderosis, which is observable as an X-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with siderosis. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of ferric oxide may enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens.
- **Calcium Sulfide:** Not Reported/ Not Classified.

**Section 12 - Ecological Information**

**12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic & terrestrial):** No data available for the product, **Blast Furnace Slag** as a whole. However, individual components of the product have been found to be toxic to the environment. The following may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife.

- **Calcium Sulfide:** EU RAR lists as Category 1 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12(b) Persistence & Degradability:** No Data Available

**12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential:** No Data Available

**12(d) Mobility (in soil):** No Data Available

**12(e) Other Adverse Effects:** None Known

**Additional Information:**

**Hazard Category:** Category 1 Chronic to the Aquatic Environment      **Signal Word:** Warning  
(Calcium Sulfide)



**Hazard Statement:** Very Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/international regulations.

**Container Cleaning and Disposal:** Follow applicable federal, provincial, state and local regulations. Observe safe handling precautions. European Waste Catalogue 10-02-02 (unprocessed slag).

**Please note this information is for Granulated Blast Furnace Slag in its original form. Any alterations can void this information.**

**Section 14 - Transport Information**

**14 (a-g) Transportation Information:**

**TDG/US Department of Transportation (DOT)** under federal TDG and 49 CFR 172.101 does not regulate **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a hazardous material. All federal, provincial, state, and local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of material must be adhered to.

<b>Shipping Name:</b> NA <b>Shipping Symbols:</b> NA <b>Hazard Class:</b> NA <b>UN No.:</b> NA <b>Packing Group:</b> NA <b>DOT/ IMO Label:</b> NA <b>Special Provisions (172.102):</b> NA	<b>Packaging Authorizations</b> a) Exceptions: NA b) Non-bulk: NA c) Bulk: NA	<b>Quantity Limitations</b> a) Passenger, Aircraft, or Railcar: NA b) Cargo Aircraft Only: NA <b>Vessel Stowage Requirements</b> a) Vessel Stowage: NA b) Other: NA <b>DOT Reportable Quantities:</b> NA
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**International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)** classification, packaging and shipping requirements follow the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.

**Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)** does not regulate **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a hazardous material.

<b>Shipping Name:</b> NA <b>Classification Code:</b> NA <b>UN No.:</b> NA <b>Packing Group:</b> NA <b>ADR Label:</b> NA <b>Special Provisions:</b> NA <b>Limited Quantities:</b> NA	<b>Packaging</b> a) Packing Instructions: NA b) Special Packing Provisions: NA c) Mixed Packing Provisions: NA	<b>Portable Tanks &amp; Bulk Containers</b> a) Instructions: NA b) Special Provisions: NA
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**International Air Transport Association (IATA)** does not regulate **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a hazardous material.

<b>Shipping Name:</b> NA <b>Class/Division:</b> NA <b>Hazard Label (s):</b> NA <b>UN No.:</b> NA <b>Packing Group:</b> NA <b>Excepted Quantities (EQ):</b> NA	<b>Passenger &amp; Cargo Aircraft Limited Quantity (EQ)</b>		<b>Cargo Aircraft Only Pkg Inst:</b> NA  <b>Max Net Qty/Pkg:</b> NA	<b>Special Provisions:</b> NA  <b>ERG Code:</b> NA
	<b>Pkg Inst:</b> NA  <b>Max Net Qty/Pkg:</b> NA	<b>Pkg Inst:</b> NA  <b>Max Net Qty/Pkg:</b> NA		

Pkg Inst – Packing Instructions      Max Net Qty/Pkg – Maximum Net Quantity per Package      ERG – Emergency Response Drill Code

**Transport Dangerous Goods (TDG) Classification:** **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** does not have a **Transport Dangerous Goods (TDG)** classification.

**Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

**Regulatory Information:** *The following listing of regulations relating to a Stelco product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities.* This product and/or its constituents are subject to the following regulations:

**SARA Potential Hazard Categories:** Immediate Acute Health Hazard, Delayed Chronic Health Hazard.

**Section 313 Supplier Notification:** The product, **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** does not contain any of the toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

**State Regulations:** The product, **Granulated Blast Furnace Slag** as a whole is not listed in any state regulations. However, individual components of the product are listed in various state regulations:

California Prop. 65: The product may possibly contain trace quantities (generally much less than 0.1%) of metallic elements known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

**Section 16 - Other Information**

**Prepared By:** Stelco Inc.

**Revision History:**

06/30/2017 – Update to Stelco  
 07/07/2014 - Update to OSHA HAZCOM 2012  
 06/28/2011 - Original

**Additional Information:**

**Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) Classification**

<b>Health Hazard</b>	1
<b>Fire Hazard</b>	0
<b>Physical Hazard</b>	0

HEALTH= 1, \* Denotes possible chronic hazard if airborne dusts or fumes are generated  
 Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.

FIRE= 0, Materials that will not burn.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS = 0, Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosives.

**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)**



HEALTH = 1, Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

FIRE = 0, Materials that will not burn.

INSTABILITY = 0, Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not and reactive with water.

**ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS:**

<b>ACGIH</b>	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	<b>NIF</b>	No Information Found
<b>BEIs</b>	Biological Exposure Indices	<b>NIOSH</b>	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
<b>CAS</b>	Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>NTP</b>	National Toxicology Program
<b>CERCLA</b>	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	<b>ORC</b>	Organization Resources Counselors
<b>CFR</b>	Code of Federal Regulations	<b>OSHA</b>	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
<b>CNS</b>	Central Nervous System	<b>PEL</b>	Permissible Exposure Limit
<b>GI, GIT</b>	Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract	<b>PNOR</b>	Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated
<b>HMIS</b>	Hazardous Materials Identification System	<b>PNOC</b>	Particulate Not Otherwise Classified
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer	<b>PPE</b>	Personal Protective Equipment
<b>LC50</b>	Median Lethal Concentration	<b>ppm</b>	parts per million
<b>LD50</b>	Median Lethal Dose	<b>RCRA</b>	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
<b>LD<sub>Lo</sub></b>	Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans	<b>RTECS</b>	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
<b>LEL</b>	Lower Explosive Limit	<b>SARA</b>	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
<b>µg/m<sup>3</sup></b>	microgram per cubic meter of air	<b>SCBA</b>	Self-contained Breathing Apparatus
<b>mg/m<sup>3</sup></b>	milligram per cubic meter of air	<b>STEL</b>	Short-term Exposure Limit
<b>mppcf</b>	million particles per cubic foot	<b>TLV</b>	Threshold Limit Value
<b>SDS</b>	Safety Data Sheet	<b>TWA</b>	Time-weighted Average
<b>MSHA</b>	Mine Safety and Health Administration	<b>UEL</b>	Upper Explosive Limit
<b>MOL</b>	Ontario Ministry of Labour	<b>WHMIS</b>	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
<b>NFPA</b>	National Fire Protection Association		

**Disclaimer:** This information is taken from sources or based upon data believed to be reliable. However, Stelco Inc. makes no warranty as to the absolute correctness or sufficiency of any of the foregoing or that additional or other measures may not be required under particular conditions.



The Steel Company of Canada

## Granulated Blast Furnace Slag

**Signal Word: WARNING**

**Symbols:**



### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Do not breathe dusts/fumes.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Dispose of contents in accordance with federal, provincial, state and local regulations.

Stelco Inc.  
386 Wilcox Street  
Hamilton, ON L8L 8K5  
Original Issue Date: 06/28/2011

Phone Number : (905) 528-2511 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm)  
Emergency Contact: 1-888-226-8832 (CANUTEC)  
Revised: 4/8/2021