

Hamilton Works 2014 Toxic Substance Accounting Report (O. Reg. 455/09)

June 1, 2015

Basic Facility Information

| Section 1 – Facility Information | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Owner | US Steel Canada | | | | | | |
| Facility name | Hamilton Works | | | | | | |
| Address | 386 Wilcox St., P.O. Box 2030 | | | | | | |
| City | Hamilton | | | | | | |
| Province | Ontario | | | | | | |
| Postal Code | L8N 3T1 | | | | | | |
| Section 2 – Owner | Section 2 – Owner's Mailing Address | | | | | | |
| Same as above (Y / N) | Yes | | | | | | |
| Address | | | | | | | |
| City | | | | | | | |
| Province | | | | | | | |
| Postal code | | | | | | | |
| Section 3 – Owner's Technical Contact Person | | | | | | | |
| Same as above (Y / N) | Andrew Sebestyen | | | | | | |
| Title | Manager, Environmental Affairs | | | | | | |
| Phone | (905) 527-8335 ext 2547 | | | | | | |
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| Email address | asebestyen@uss.com | | | | | | |

Basic Facility Information (Cont.)

U. S. Steel Canada Inc. - Hamilton Works, located within the Hamilton industrial zone, produces cold rolled and coated steel sheet and coke. The facility covers an area of about 319 hectares adjacent to Hamilton Harbour.

The facility's environmental management system is registered under ISO 14001. On the quality side, the Rolling & Finishing mills are registered under ISO TS 16949.

Plant operations include Cokemaking, Cold Rolling, and Galvanizing. Production processes are described as follows.

Raw materials in the form of coal received from unloading ships are stored on site until required by the Cokemaking operation.

Cokemaking is the process of converting coal into a carbon mass called coke. During the coking process, coal is heated at 1320°C for 18 hours or more. Heating is indirect, with gas burners situated in compartments between the ovens. Coke is produced along with high calorific gaseous and liquid by-products that are treated and separated in an adjacent chemical By-Products Plant. Coke is used at the Blast Furnace in the Lake Erie Works as a reductant to produce iron. The clean Coke Oven Gas from the By-Products Plant is used to produce steam in the Central Boiler Station, with a small portion of the remaining gas being flared to atmosphere. The process water from the By-Products is directed to the Waste Water Treatment Plant that adopts biological and chemical processes to remove up to 99% of the contaminants prior to discharging to the City of Hamilton sewer.

The Cold Rolling Mill receives flat hot rolled coils from other U. S. Steel facilities for further rolling and finishing into the desired thickness, width and mechanical properties.

The Galvanizing Lines (Z-line and #3 Galv) receive the cold rolled coils and apply zinc coating on the strip surface. These are continuous facilities that consist of series of surface preparation and coating application steps to produce Galvanized or Galvanneal products. The zinc coating weight on these products is controlled to conform to customer specifications as well as to Canadian and International product standards.

Hamilton works discharges non-contact cooling water and filtered water through the four existing outfalls to the Hamilton Bay. The outfalls are strictly monitored based on MISA regulations.

List of Toxic Substances at the Facility

| Substance | Chemical Abstracts Service |
|---|----------------------------|
| Arsenic (and its compounds) | Number 7440-38-2 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 |
| Carbon Monoxide | 630-08-0 |
| Chromium VI (and its compounds) | 1333-82-0 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 |
| 2378 TCDD | 1746-01-6 |
| 12378 PCDD | 40321-76-4 |
| 2378 TCDF | 51207-31-9 |
| 12378 PCDF | 57117-41-6 |
| 23478 PCDF | 57117-31-4 |
| 123478 HxCDF | 70648-26-9 |
| 123678 HxCDF | 57117-44-9 |
| 123789 HxCDF | 72918-21-9 |
| Ethylene | 74-85-1 |
| Hydrochloric Acid | 7647-01-0 |
| Hydrogen Sulphide | 7783-06-4 |
| Lead | 7439-92-1 |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 |
| Mercury | 7439-97-6 |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 |
| N-Hexane | 110-54-3 |
| Nitrogen oxides (as NO ₂) | 11104-93-1 |
| PAH - Acenaphthylene | 208-96-8 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)anthracene | 56-55-3 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)phenanthrene (Chrysene) | 218-01-9 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)Pyrene | 50-32-8 |
| PAH - Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 205-99-2 |
| PAH - Benzo(e)pyrene | 192-97-2 |
| PAH - Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 191-24-2 |
| PAH - Benzo(j)fluoranthene | 205-82-3 |
| PAH - Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 207-08-9 |
| PAH - Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | 53-70-3 |
| PAH - Dibenzo(a,i)pyrene | 189-55-9 |
| PAH - Fluoranthene | 206-44-0 |
| PAH - Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 193-39-5 |
| PAH - Perylene | 198-55-0 |
| PAH - Phenanthrene | 85-01-8 |
| PAH - Pyrene | 129-00-0 |
| Phosphorus total | NA-22 |
| PM10 - Particulate Matter <= 10 Microns | N/A - M09 |
| PM2.5 - Particulate Matter <= 2.5 Microns | N/A - M10 |
| Total Particulate Matter or TSP | N/A - M08 |
| Selenium (and its compounds) | 7782-49-2 |
| Sulphur Dioxide | 7446-09-5 |
| Sulphuric Acid | 7664-93-9 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 |
| Total Reduced Sulphur (as H ₂ S) | N/A - M14 |
| VOC | N/A - M16 |
| Zinc | 7440-66-6 |

** No single CAS number applies to this substance

Indication of Changes in Methods, Significant Process Changes or Non-Routine Events

U. S. Steel Canada – Hamilton Works Ironmaking and Steelmaking facilities were closed in 2013. The Cokemaking & By-Products and the Rolling & Finishing were operational in 2014.

| Summary: | Tracking | and | Quantification |
|----------|----------|-----|-----------------------|
| | - | | |

| Compound | Used, tonnes | Created, tonnes | Destroyed, tonnes | Released to Air, tonnes | Released to City Sewer, tonnes | Released to HW Outfall, tonnes | Recycled Offsite, tonnes | Disposed Offsite, tonnes | Contained in Product/ Process, tonnes |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Arsenic (and its compounds) | >0 to 1 | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >1 to 10 |
| Benzene | >1000 to 10,000 | >1000 to 10,000 | >1000 to 10,000 | >10 to 100 | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >1000 to 10,000 |
| Carbon Monoxide | >10,000 >1000 to 10,000 | >10,000 >100 to 1000 | >10,000 >1000 to 10,000 | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chromium VI (and its compounds) | >1 to 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | >1 to 10 |
| 2378 TCDD | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 12378 PCDD | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 2378 TCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 12378 PCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 23478 PCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 123478 HxCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 123678 HxCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| 123789 HxCDF | >0 to 1 | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - |
| Ethylene (C2H4) | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hydrochloric Acid | >10 to 100 | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hydrogen Sulphide | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lead | >10 to 100 | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | >1 to 10 |
| Manganese | >1000 to 10,000 | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >1000 to 10,000 | >0 to 1 | >1000 to 10,000 |
| Mercury | >0 to 1 | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 |
| Methanol | >1 to 10 | - | - | >1 to 10 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Naphthalene | >100 to 1000 | >1000 to 10,000 | >100 to 1000 | >1 to 10 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >1 to 10 | >1000 to 10,000 |
| N-Hexane | - | >1 to 10 | - | >1 to 10 | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 |
| Nitrogen oxides (as NO2) | - | >1000 to 10,000 | - | >1000 to 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| PAH - Acenaphthylene | >10 to 100 | >1000 to 10,000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >1000 to 10,000 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)anthracene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)phenanthrene (Chrysene) | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Benzo(a)Pyrene | >10 to 100 | >1000 >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >1000 >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Benzo(b)fluoranthene | >10 to 100 | >1000 >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >1000 >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Benzo(e)pyrene | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >10 to 100 |
| PAH - Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | >0 to 1 | >1 to 10 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >1 to 10 |
| PAH - Benzo(j)fluoranthene | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | >1 to 10 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >10 to 100 |
| PAH - Benzo(k)fluoranthene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Dibenzo(a,i)pyrene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |

| PAH - Fluoranthene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| PAH - Indeno(1,2,3- c,d)pyrene | >1 to 10 | >100 to 1000 | >1 to 10 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PAH - Perylene | >1 to 10 | >10 to 100 | >1 to 10 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >10 to 100 |
| PAH - Phenanthrene | >10 to 100 | >1000 to 10,000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >1000 to 10,000 |
| PAH - Pyrene | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | - | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| Phosphorus total | >100 to 1000 | - | >10 to 100 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >0 to 1 | >100 to 1000 |
| PM10 - Particulate Matter <= 10 Microns | - | >100 to 1000 | - | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | >100 to 1000 |
| PM2.5 - Particulate Matter <= 2.5 Microns | - | >100 to 1000 | - | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | >100 to 1000 |
| Total Particulate Matter or TSP | - | >1000 to 10,000 | - | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | >100 to 1000 |
| Selenium (and its compounds) | >1 to 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | >0 to 1 | >1 to 10 |
| Sulphur Dioxide | - | >1000 to 10,000 | - | >1000 to 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sulphuric Acid | >100 to 1000 | - | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Toluene | >100 to 1000 | >100 to 1000 | >100 to 1000 | >1 to 10 | - | - | - | - | >100 to 1000 |
| Total reduced sulphur (as H2S) | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | >100 to 1000 | >10 to 100 | - | - | - | - | >10 to 100 |
| VOC | - | >100 to 1000 | - | >100 to 1000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Zinc | >10,000 to 100,000 | - | - | >0 to 1 | - | - | >1000 to 10,000 | >0 to 1 | >10,000 to 100,000 |

Comparison of Tracking and Quantification to Previous Reporting Periods

The reported toxic substances quantities were slightly lower in 2014 than in 2014 as a result of decreased production of coke.

Toxic substances quantities are also impacted by the disposal and recycling of secondary materials.

Steps Taken to Achieve Objectives and Assess Effectiveness

The toxic substances reported by Hamilton Works are either required for its products and processes, are generated as unavoidable byproducts, or are incidental trace elements in raw materials. Where feasible, these toxics are managed by recycling and maintaining inventories that are as low as possible.